



Preparations for the procedure

We often receive questions about preparing the apartment for disinfestation, disinfection, deratization, ozonation and debugging. Some insects do not require special preparation, but with other pests, proper preparation is crucial to success or failure in the fight against them. That is why we have prepared detailed descriptions of the procedures.

Proper preparation of the apartment or other rooms has a significant impact on the safety and efficiency of work. Thanks to this, disinfestation treatments are more effective and the active substances last longer, which translates into better final results.

Before carrying out the disinfestation treatment, the floors and surfaces to be treated should be thoroughly washed. In addition, make sure that there is no food or food utensils and other objects in the room that come into direct contact with the mouth or body.

Disinfestation, i.e. the process of eliminating insects, can be carried out using a variety of methods. The most popular of them include: spraying, ULV fogging, gelation and integrated IPM methods that combine chemical and non-chemical methods. As part of these techniques, substances such as liquids, mists or gels are used, which are applied to the surfaces to be disinfested. In addition, non-chemical methods are also used.

The method of preparing the apartment for disinfestation depends primarily on the method and type of substance used and the type of insect to be eradicated.

How do I prepare for ULV spraying and fogging to control bed bugs?

Fighting bed bugs is a challenge, even for DDD. These insects can quickly establish themselves in our beds and getting rid of them can be difficult. Therefore, in order for the treatments to be effective, it is necessary to prepare for them properly.

The first step is to clean the apartment the day before the visit of the specialist. The floors should be vacuumed and washed, it is best to remove the baseboards, and if this is not possible, then wash them thoroughly, because the agents used to fight bedbugs work much more effectively on clean surfaces. After the treatment, you should not wash the surfaces where bed bugs usually live, so it is better to do it before the visit.



Thicker plastic garbage bags should be prepared. In the summer, it is best to choose black bags to be able to store things in them for heating or possible protection. Empty all beds by removing all sheets, pillows, pillowcases, sheets and blankets and put them in bags so that even the deepest corners of the bed can be sprayed.

All items removed from beds should be packed in bags. The bags should contain bedding, pillowcases, sheets, blankets, pyjamas, pillows, mascots, toys and other things from the bed, armchairs and their surroundings that can be washed or protected. Curtains and drapes should also be removed and packed.

Bags should be tightly closed and taken out for washing. They should be moved to the bathroom, laundry room, balcony or yard to have more space in the rooms during the treatment and not to spread bed bugs around the apartment. Items from the bags should be washed at a temperature of 50-60 ° C or in the summer, soak the bags in full sun to remove bedbugs. If washing is not possible, e.g. in the case of duvets, eiderdowns or pillows, use another method of heating them to a temperature of min. 50-60 degrees.

Cover the aquarium with plastic wrap or remove it from the room so that the disinfectants do not get into the water.

It is worth remembering that debugging procedures should be carried out at least twice to avoid recurrence of infestation.

Typically, the bug removal treatment lasts from 20 to 60 minutes, depending on several factors, such as the number of beds, sofas, armchairs, mattresses, the number of rooms and their size, as well as the preparation of the apartment. After the treatment is completed, leave the room for 1 to 3 hours (when fogging) or about 2-3 hours (when spraying). We leave the apartment so that the agents used are properly distributed, settled and dried.

After returning to the apartment or wanting to use it (after no earlier than 1-3 hours or later), ventilate the room by creating a draft and airing it for about an hour.

It is very important not to destroy the effects of the treatment by vacuuming, sweeping or washing sensitive places where bedbugs live. Therefore, do not wash, vacuum or sweep 20-30 cm from the walls, under furniture and near beds, because this will mechanically damage our preparations and cause them to work less or stop working at all.

Surfaces that may come into contact with food should be washed, but the preparation must not be allowed to enter the oral cavity in any way. It is recommended to wash the sink, kitchen countertops, tables and other places where food is stored. No special agent is necessary to clean the surface, just ordinary detergent and water. You can also wash the floor in walking areas, but remember to leave a protective barrier and do not wash the agents 20-30 cm from



walls, under and around furniture and beds. If there are small children in the house, mop the floors where they crawl and places they may touch.

The preparation should be left only where there are bedbugs, and should not come into contact with people.

Our on-site specialist conducts a number of activities to ensure that the apartment is properly prepared for the procedure. If necessary, he helps to improve the conditions and gives tips on preparing the apartment before the next treatments.

Then, he proceeds to the interview and thorough inspection of the place where bedbugs are found.

Our specialist also gives valuable advice on how to prevent the reappearance of bed bugs in your home.

In order to effectively remove bed bugs, we thoroughly spray the places where bed bugs are most often found. These include beds, baseboards, plinths, walls, backs of furniture, backs of pictures and photos, around electrical sockets, curtain rods, windowsills, and other crevices and darkened places. If necessary, we also spray the floor in the kitchen and bathroom.

We are at your disposal and we will be happy to answer any questions. We want the treatments we carry out to be stress-free for you. We are professionals and we will take care of everything in a comprehensive way, ensuring that everything is in the best order during and after the procedure.

Preparation for the treatment of cockroaches, cockroaches, silverfish, ants - gel method

If you are struggling with the problem of cockroaches, cockroaches, silverfish or ants, there is an effective and safe solution:

- gel method. It is a method recommended by sanepid, entomologists, producers of agents and professionals, and is used in hospitals, restaurants, schools and kindergartens.



The gel method is safe for infants, children, pregnant and lactating women, the elderly and animals. It also does not require any preparation, and people can stay in the place of disinfestation carried out using this method. The gel is applied to matchhead-sized points that are invisible and inaccessible as they are placed in the most common hiding places of German cockroaches and cockroaches, such as hinges in cabinets, under cupboards, on pipes, under sinks, washbasins, above baseboards, ventilation grilles and other crevices and places where they accumulate.

The method works on the principle of food poison, which means that after eating the gel German cockroaches and cockroaches die within a few hours, even those that come from neighbors. The gel works effectively for up to a year, which is a great distinction compared to sprays that only work for a few weeks.

There are many types of gels available in Poland, both professional and amateur, but only 3 are professional and effective, which is confirmed by our statistics.

To get the best results from these pests, you should:

- Go through your apartment or house to locate the places where pests are most common
- then the pipe risers should be sealed,
- protect the ventilation grilles,
- limit access to water
- clean up and store food in airtight packaging.

Moving household appliances away from the wall, disassembling plinths under kitchen cabinets or opening water meter inspections can also help in effective disinfestation. Using the gel method and implementing the above tips will help you deal with the problem for a long time.

The gel method is also very effective in combating the most common species of ants, such as the common ants, the pharaoh ant or the black nomad.

Spraying and fogging ULV to fight insects such as ants, cockroaches,



cockroaches. moles, silverfish and others:

Preparation and tips

In order to effectively fight against insects such as cockroaches: cockroaches, ants, moles, silverfish, it is important to prepare properly for the disinfestation procedure. These agents work more effectively on clean surfaces, so it is worth taking a few simple steps before the procedure to achieve better results.

Here are some tips on how to prepare for the procedure:

Store away food and other personal items that come into contact with food or the mucous membranes and mouth, such as children's toys, toothbrushes, toilet paper, razors, combs, towels and soap.

Before our visit, clean the apartment thoroughly, including vacuuming and washing the floors and furniture, if possible, remove the baseboards, if you do not have such a possibility, wash them thoroughly. Thanks to this, disinfectants will work longer and more effectively. After the treatment, it is recommended not to wash the surfaces where the insects reside, so as not to destroy the effects of work.

Store pet food and water bowls or replace them with fresh ones after treatment.

Cover the aquarium with plastic wrap or remove it from the room so that the disinfectants do not get into the water.

Unplug all electrical devices (such as TV, set-top box, monitor, computer, laptop, phone), take them out or hide them under blankets or sheets.

Close all windows during treatment to prevent insects from escaping.

Store delicate, lightweight and paper items such as baubles, ornaments, cards, posters, figurines, decorations and paper items to avoid damage.

Countertops, tables and other things that cannot be hidden, and will come into contact with food, just wash after the procedure. A simple detergent with water is enough.

Sprayed surfaces on which insects walk should not be washed, vacuumed, swept because in this way you will neutralize the effects of the agents and our work.



During the procedure, no one should stay in the rooms except the specialist performing the procedure. The specialist is dressed in protective clothing and a mask that protects him from inhaling the preparations during the procedure.

After the treatment, we do not enter the apartment for about 1 to 3 hours after the treatment, so that the agents have time to work and dry to create a protective barrier. During this time, it is better that no one is there and the rooms are thoroughly ventilated.

The most important thing is not to destroy the effects of the treatment by vacuuming, sweeping or washing sensitive places where insects live. That is why we do not wash, do not vacuum, do not sweep 20-30 cm from the walls, under furniture and near beds. This can mechanically damage the preparations and cause them to stop working.

Wash surfaces that may come into contact with food

After disinfection, it is worth washing surfaces that may come into contact with food. Wash the sink,

kitchen counters, tables and other food storage areas.

No special agent is necessary to clean the surface . Just use normal detergent and water. You can also

wash the floor where we walk, but be sure to leave a protective barrier with no wash off measures 20-30 cm from walls, under and around furniture and beds.

How does the disinfection process work?

Our on-site specialist carries out comprehensive insect control activities to ensure the safety and comfort of your home. Before starting the procedure, the specialist checks whether the apartment is properly prepared, and if necessary, helps to improve its condition.

The specialist then interviews the client and inspects the site to determine the sources of the insects. The specialist also gives tips on how to prevent the problem in the future and what places need to be sealed to prevent the appearance of insects in the future.

After a thorough analysis, the specialist starts the procedure. Effectively sprays places where insects can stay, such as baseboards, plinths, walls, backs of furniture, around electrical sockets, curtain rods, window sills, crevices and dark places. It uses safe and certified preparations.



After the procedure, the specialist issues a sanitary hygiene protocol that guarantees that the preparations used are safe, as well as documentation with information on how to behave after the procedure.

All information and instructions regarding the performance of our treatments can be downloaded in pdf form in three languages: Polish, English, Ukrainian and Chinese.

We are always ready to answer all questions and concerns of our customers. We want to ensure that our disinfection treatments are carried out with full professionalism and without any stress for the client. Therefore, you can be sure that our specialist will take care of everything so that everything is in order both during and after the procedure.

How to prepare an apartment for ozonation?

Ozonation is an effective method of cleaning the air and surfaces from bacteria, viruses, fungi and unpleasant odors. If you plan to carry out ozonation in your home or apartment, it is worth preparing properly so that the treatment is as effective and safe as possible.

Here are a few steps you should take before ozoning:

1. Remove all plants, animals and food from the rooms to be ozonated. Electronic items such as TV sets, monitors, computers, printers can be taken out or carefully protected with foil (after disconnecting from electrical sockets).
2. Vacuum the room before ozoning. Remove dust and dirt from floors, furniture, carpets and other surfaces. Remember to get rid of any flammable substances such as fuels, paints, varnishes or solvents from the room.
3. Close the windows and doors of the rooms that will be ozonated. Ozone works best in a closed room, so it is important to leave the rooms closed for the time of ozonation.
4. Turn off air conditioning, ventilation and other devices that introduce outside air. Otherwise, ozonation will be ineffective and ozone may get into ventilation systems, which is dangerous to health.

Remember that ozonation should be carried out by experienced specialists who have appropriate training and certificates. Thanks to this, the ozonation treatment will be performed in a safe and effective way, and you will be able to enjoy clean and healthy air in your home or apartment.